File: JEG-E

## EXCLUSIONS AND EXEMPTIONS FROM SCHOOL ATTENDANCE

According to the 1973 Colorado Revised Statutes 22-33-l06 (2), subject to the district's responsibilities under Article 20 of that Title (Exceptional Children's Education Act), the following shall be grounds for expulsion from or denial of admission to a public school or diversion to an appropriate alternate program:

- 1. Physical or mental disability such that the child cannot reasonably benefit from the programs available;
- 2. Physical or mental disability or disease causing the attendance of the child suffering there from to be inimical to the welfare of other students.

According to 1973 C.R.S. 22-33-l06 (3) (a-e), the following shall constitute additional grounds for denial of admission to a public school:

- 1. Graduation from the 12th grade of any school or receipt of any document evidencing completion of the equivalent of a secondary education;
- 2. Failure to meet age requirements;
- 3. Having been expelled during the same school year;
- 4. Not being a resident of the district unless otherwise entitled to attend under 1973 C.R.S. 22, Articles 23 or 32;
- 5. Failure to comply with the provisions of Part 9 Article 4, Title 25,1973 C.R.S. (immunization requirements). Any suspension, expulsion or denial of admission for such failure to comply shall not be recorded as a disciplinary action but may be recorded with the student's immunization record with an appropriate explanation.

Adopted: 6/17/80

According to C.R.S.  $\underline{22-33-106}$  (3)(a-f), the following may constitute additional grounds for denial of admission to a public school:

- 1. Graduating from the 12th grade of any school or receipt of any document evi-dencing completion of the equivalent of a secondary education.
- 2. Failure to meet age requirements.
- 3. Having been expelled from any school district during the preceding 12 months.
- 4. Not being a resident of the district unless otherwise entitled to attend under C.R.S. 22, Articles 23 (migrant children) or 32 (exclusion of non-residents) or 36 (schools of choice).

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- 5. Failure to comply with the provisions of Part 9, Article 4, Title 25, C.R.S. (immu-n-ization requirements). Any suspension, expulsion or denial of admis-sion for such failure to com-ply shall not be recorded as a disciplinary action but may be record--ed with the student's immunization record with an appropriate expla-na-tion.
- 6. Behavior in another school district during the preceding 12 months that is detri-mental to the welfare or safety of other pupils or of school personnel.

According to C.R.S.  $\underline{22-23-106}(4)(a)$ , an expelled student may be prohibited from enrolling or re-enrolling in the same school in which the victim of the offense or member of the victim's immediate family is enrolled or employed when:

- 1. the expelled student is convicted of a crime, adjudicated a juvenile delinquent, receives a deferred judgment or is placed in a diversion program as a result of committing the offense for which the student was expelled
- 2. there is an identifiable victim of the expelled student's offense
- 3. the offense for which the student was expelled does not constitute a crime against property.

If the district has no actual knowledge of the name of the victim, the expelled student shall be prohibited from enrolling or re-enrolling only upon request of the victim or a member of the victim's immediate family.

Students in out-of-home placements

State law limits the grounds for denial of enrollment regarding students in out-of-home placements, as defined by C.R.S.  $\underline{22-32-138}$  (1)  $\in$  and provided in regulation JF-R, Admission and Denial of Admission (Procedures for Students in Out-of-home Placements).